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FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

CURRENT QUARANTINE MEASURES.

[From the Veröffentlichungen des Kaiserlichen Gesundheitsamtes, Berlin, November 6, 1907.]

CHOLERA.

AUSTRIA.—October 25. On account of outbreak of cholera at Lublin the governor of Lemberg has directed that travelers arriving from Russia be subject at the frontier stations of Uhrynów and Belzec to medical inspection of person and baggage. The local authorities at Lemberg have ordered into effect thorough measures of street cleaning and supervision of food and water supply. Handlers of old clothing and rags and the public generally are informed of the relation of these articles to the spread of disease. Supervision is ordered of all public kitchens and tea houses for the poor. Inoculation against cholera is being considered. The government of Bukowina has established a medical inspection service on the Bukowina-Russian Railroad for persons arriving from Russia.

BULGARIA.—October 17. Workmen returning from Russia will be admitted only at the ports of Varna on the Black Sea and Silesia on the Danube and shall at those points be subject to medical inspection of person and effects. The importation of raw food products from Russia is prohibited.

ROUMANIA.—October 25. Quarantine measures in force against certain places in Russia extended to include arrivals from Kischinew. October 26. Only the frontier stations of Ungheni and Gura Prutuli remain open.

CHINA.—September 13. The German consul at Mukden directed the same quarantine measures as were applied to arrivals from Amboy and Foochow to be applied to arrivals from Moji.

RUSSIA.—October 25 and 30. Districts of Kief and Tschenkaffy in the government of Kief, and the governments of Cherson, Bessarabia, Kursk, and Orenburg, and the Turgai territory declared cholera threatened.

SWITZERLAND.—October 26. Measures for protection against cholera and plague put in force, and the following localities in Russia declared infected: The governments of Saratov, Samara, Astrakhan, Nizhni Novgorod, Kasan, Simbirsk, Kostroma, Jaroslov, Penza, Viatka, Vladmir, and Ekaterinoslay, and the cities of Baku, Rostrov on Don, and Kief, and the Don territory.

PLAGUE.

EGYPT.—October 22. Plague regulations applied at Egyptian ports against arrivals from Mitylene. October 26. Suspended.

ITALY. October 29. Quarantine against arrivals from Oran suspended.

NETHERLANDS.—October 26. Bombay and Calcutta declared plague infected and importation of rags and used body and bed clothing forbidden. Travelers' baggage falls under these restrictions as regards the last-named articles. This prohibition does not apply to articles which have not originated at Bombay or Calcutta or which have been so packed as not to come in contact with infected material.

AFRICA.

Report from Cape Colony—Examination of rodents at King Williams Town for plague infection.

The following is received from the medical officer of health for the colony under date of October 21:

Week ended October 19:

King Williams Town.

No case of plague was discovered during the week. Forty-three rats (including 15 found dead) and 93 mice (including 9 found dead) were examined, of which 15 rats and 8 mice proved to be probably plague infected. The examination of 1 mouse was not completed.

ALGERIA.

Plague at Philippeville.

The following information is received through the Department of State from the American ambassador at Paris, under date of November 2:

Information is received from the Foreign Office, under date of October 28, 1907, that 3 cases of plague, 2 fatal, occurred at Philippeville, Algeria, between October 9 and 19.

All measures were taken to insure the destruction of rats. At Oran, since the isolation of a patient, effected October 14, to the date of the report, no new case of plague had been found and the bacteriological examinations made on rats had proved negative for 2 weeks.

A further report from the same source, dated November 5, was forwarded stating that new cases of plague were discovered on November 1 at Oran and November 4 at Philippeville.